

# Quantifying Realistic Uncertainty

In Recognition of  
Gregory Chow and Xiaohong Chen

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# Gregory Chow contributions



- ▷ Testing for structural breaks
- ▷ Adapting control theory to economic applications
- ▷ Econometric modeling of the Chinese economy

# Xiaohong Chen contributions



- ▷ Sieve-based methods for conditional moment estimation
- ▷ Copula-based methods for time series econometrics
- ▷ Temporal dependence in nonlinear models

# Probability meets Social Science



**Jacob Bernoulli (left)**

*Law of Large Numbers*: how unknown probabilities are revealed (1713)

# Dual Roles for Statistics in Economic Analysis

## ▷ Outside a model

*Given* a dynamic economic model, researchers:

- estimate unknown parameters
- assess model implications

## ▷ Inside a model

When *constructing* a dynamic economic model, researchers:

- depict economic actors (consumers, enterprises) as they cope with uncertainty
- deduce the consequences for market outcomes and resource allocations

# Uncertainty components

- ▷ **risk** -  
uncertainty **within** a model: uncertain outcomes with known probabilities
- ▷ **ambiguity** -  
uncertainty **across** models: unknown weights for alternative possible models
- ▷ **misspecification** -  
uncertainty **about** models: unknown flaws of approximating models

# Statistical Complexity: why should we care?

- ▷ When is it challenging to **learn** and draw **inferences**?
- ▷ When is there **more** scope for **behavioral distortions**?
- ▷ How might **statistical uncertainty** induce **fluctuations** in **market prices** and impact **resource allocation**?
- ▷ How should **statistical uncertainty** alter how we design policy responses to economic problems?

# Statistical Complexity: what are some advances?

- ▷ Gregory Chow - conducted initial and important work on testing for **structural change**
- ▷ Xiaohong Chen - developed inference for methods that are **semiparametric**; allow for “explicit structure” along some dimensions and “flexibility” along others

Their contributions enhance our understanding of statistical complexity in different and complementary ways.

# Confronting Uncertainty

- ▷ **Decision theory** - axiomatic - rational decision making
- ▷ **Control theory** - dynamic - practical application

Gregory Chow - pioneer in the use of control theory methods in economic dynamics

Recent advances:

- ▷ allow for alternative and potentially **complex** forms of **uncertainty**
- ▷ applicable to modeling **economic agents** and to guiding **economic policy**

# Uncertainty and Financial Markets



*Bear Bull Rumble*, Adrian deRooy

Adrian de Rooy

# Friedrich Hayek (1974)



“Even if true scientists should recognize the limits of studying human behaviour, as long as the public has expectations, there will be people who *pretend* or *believe* that they can do more to meet popular demand than what is really in their power.”  
(From Hayek’s Nobel address)

# Econometric modeling as a guide for policy

China has faced and continues to confront important and, in some ways, unique policy challenges

Gregory Chow - initiated econometric modeling of the Chinese economy

# Uncertainty and Climate Change Policy

“Any serious discussion of the changing climate must begin by *acknowledging* not only the scientific certainties but also the *uncertainties*, especially in projecting the future. Recognizing those limits, rather than ignoring them, will lead to a more *sober* and ultimately more *productive* discussion of climate change and climate policies.”

Steven E. Koonin (2014, former undersecretary for science in the US Department of Energy)

# Uncertainty and Financial Market Oversight

- ▷ **United States:** Financial Stability Oversight Council (created in 2010)
- ▷ **China:** Financial Stability and Development Committee (just created)

# Uncertainty and Financial Market Oversight: Challenges

- ▷ **Systemic uncertainty:** limited understanding of “systemic risk” which challenges its value as a guiding principle for financial oversight
- ▷ **Nonlinear transmission:** recent interest in macroeconomic models with an explicit role for **financial impacts** that induce **nonlinearity** in how shocks impact macroeconomy over subsequent time periods

Xiaohong Chen - provided important characterizations of **nonlinear dependence** implied by economic models and refinements of **copula** techniques designed for multi-dimensional nonlinear models

知之为知之，不知为不知，  
是知也。

When you know a thing, hold  
that you know it; and when you  
do not know a thing, allow that  
you do not know it - this is  
knowledge

- 孔子 (Confucius)

